

The Resilience To Maintain The Memorization Of The Qur'an In Young Alumni Of  
Darul Quran Mulia (DQM) In Terms Of Religiosity And Achievement Of  
Memorizing The Qur'an During The Covid 19 Pandemic

Nida Nabilah

Erna Multahada, M.Si

Universitas Mercu Buana

**ABSTRAK**

Resilience in maintaining the memorization of the Al-Quran during the Covid 19 pandemic among youth alumni of DQM in terms of Religiosity and Achievement Memorizing the Quran is the goal of this research. Memorizing the Qur'an for DQM while in boarding schools get many convenience facilities. Problems occur when they become alumni. There are no special room facilities and friends who both memorize the Qur'an, there is no teacher who guides or helps during murojaah. Especially during the Covid 19 pandemic. There are closures of tahfidz institutions. On the other hand, the alumni of DQM students have many activities such as work or college. Resilience in many literatures is the key to success during the covid 19 pandemic. Factors that are thought to strengthen the resilience of DQM alumni include religiosity and the achievement of memorizing Al-Qur'an alumni of DQ. The participants were 130 youths of DQM alumni. Participants were obtained by accidental sampling. Resilience was measured using the CD-RISC measuring instrument from Connor and Davidson. For religiosity measured using the Centrality

of Religiosity Scale (CSR) from Huber, S and Huber, W.O. While the achievement of memorizing the Qur'an is obtained from the large number of memorization of the alumni of DQM students. The analysis technique uses multiple regression. The results found that there is a fairly strong correlation of the three religiosity variables, the achievement of memorizing the Qur'an with resilience. The conclusion is that there is a significant influence of religiosity and achievement of memorizing the Qur'an on the resilience of adolescent DQM alumni during the covid 19 pandemic. Resilience is more influenced by religiosity than the achievement of many memorizing the Qur'an.

Keyword: Resilience, Religiosity



Resiliensi Mempertahankan Hafalan Al-Qur'an Pada Remaja Alumni Darul Quran  
Mulia (DQM) Ditinjau Dari Religiusitas Dan Prestasi Hafalan Al-Qur'an Di saat  
Pandemi Covid 19

Nida Nabilah

Erna Multahada, M.Si

Universitas Mercu Buana

ABSTRAK

Resiliensi mempertahankan hafalan Al-Quran di saat pandemic Covid 19 pada remaja alumni santri DQM ditinjau dari Religiusitas dan Prestasi Hafalan Quran menjadi tujuan penelitian ini. Menghafal Al-Qur'an bagi DQM saat di dalam pesantren mendapatkan banyak fasilitas kemudahan. Permasalahan terjadi saat mereka menjadi alumni. Tidak ada fasilitas ruangan khusus dan kawan-kawan yang sama-sama menghafal Al-Qur'an, tidak ada guru yang membimbing atau membantu saat murojaah. Terlebih saat pandemi Covid 19. Terdapat penutupan lembaga-lembaga tahfidz. Di sisi lain para alumni DQM ada banyak kesibukan seperti bekerja atau kuliah. Resiliensi dalam banyak literatur merupakan kunci sukses saat pandemic covid 19. Faktor-faktor yang diduga memperkuat resiliensi santri alumni DQM diantara adalah religiusitas dan prestasi hafalan Al-Qur'an alumni DQM. Partisipan sebanyak 130 remaja alumni DQM. Partisipan diperoleh dengan cara accidental sampling. Resiliensi diukur dengan menggunakan alat ukur CD-RISC dari Connor dan Davidson. Untuk religiusitas diukur dengan menggunakan Centrality of

Religiosity Scale (CSR) dari Huber, S dan Huber, W.O. Sedangkan prestasi hafalan Al-Qur'an diperoleh dari jumlah banyaknya hafalan alumni santri DQM. Teknik analisa menggunakan regresi berganda. Hasil ditemukan ada korelasi yang cukup kuat ketiga variable religiusitas, prestasi hafalan Al-Qu'an dengan resiliensi. Kesimpulan ada pengaruh signifikan religiusitas dan prestasi hafalan Al-Qur'an terhadap resiliensi remaja alumni santri DQM saat pandemi covid 19. Resiliensi lebih besar dipengaruhi oleh religiusitas daripada prestasi banyaknya hafalan Al-Qur'an.

Kata kunci: Religiusitas, Resiliensi

