

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui Pengaruh *Capital Adequacy Ratio*, *Non Performing Loan*, Komite Audit dan Kepemilikan Institusional terhadap Profitabilitas (Studi Empiris pada Bank Umum Konvensional yang Terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia Periode 2015 – 2017). Sampel dalam penelitian ini sebanyak 99 sampel dari 33 Bank Umum Konvensional yang memenuhi kriteria. Teknik pengambilan sampel yang digunakan dalam penelitian adalah metode *purposive sampling*. Penelitian ini menggunakan model analisis statistik dalam bentuk uji regresi berganda.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa *Capital Adequacy Ratio* berpengaruh positif signifikan terhadap *Return on Asset*, *Non Performing Loan* berpengaruh negatif signifikan terhadap *Return on Asset*, Komite Audit dan Kepemilikan Institusional tidak berpengaruh terhadap *Return on Asset*.

Kata kunci : *Capital Adequacy Ratio*, *Non Performing Loan*, Komite Audit, Kepemilikan Institusional, *Return On Assets* (ROA).



ABSTRACT

This research aims to examine the influence of Capital Adequacy Ratio, Non Performing Loan, Audit Committee and Institutional Ownership on Profitability (Empirical Studies on Conventional Commercial Banks Registered on the Indonesia Stock Exchange for the Period of 2015 - 2017). The sample in this research were 99 of 33 Conventional Commercial Banks criteria sampliing. The sampling technique used in the research was purposive sampling method. This research uses a statistical analysis model in the form of multiple regression tests.

The results of this research indicate that Capital Adequacy Ratio has a significant positive effect on Return on Assets, Non Performing Loan has a significant negative effect on Return on Assets, Audit Committee and Institutional Ownership have no effect on Return on Assets.

Keywords: Capital Adequacy Ratio, Non Performing Loan, Audit Committee, Institutional Ownership, Return On Assets (ROA).

